## IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the specification as follows:

Paragraph beginning on page 1, at line 4, has been amended as follows:

The present invention relates to a fan with guiding ribs in a vent. More particularly, by the structure, complicated components in the prior art can be simplified and the resistance generated by the guiding ribs can be reduced as well. Furthermore, the air flow blown from fan blades is guided to further increase pressure output by the fan.

Paragraph beginning on page 1, at line 11, has been amended as follows:

A conventional fan <del>comprises a vent;</del> a supporting part for supporting fan blades to rotate thereof. There are guiding ribs with outside extension from the circumference of the supporting part, connecting to the fan frame body. The guiding rib is in a stick shape for supporting the supporting part to mount on the central portion of the <u>fan vent</u>. However, since being in a stick shape, when the fan blade blows, the guiding ribs will generate air flow (air pressure) with air resistance, which affects the air pressure of the fan. Moreover, a cyclone is generated due to interference of the stick-shaped guiding ribs after the air flow generated by the fan blades passes through the guiding ribs, therefore resulting in air pressure damages and efficiency reduction of the fan.

Paragraph beginning on page 3, at line 15, has been amended as follows:

To achieve the above objectives, the present invention provides a fan with guiding ribs in vent, which comprises:

a frame body having a hole;

a supporting part composed of a pivot and guiding ribs with outside extension, wherein the pivot connects a fan blade, by means of the guiding ribs, the supporting part is disposed on the inner end surface of the hole, the profile of the guiding rib is to have an inclined plane that gradually shrink from the end surface to the fan blade.

Paragraph beginning on page 7, at line 3, has been amended as follows:

Fig. 4, Fig.5, and Fig. 6 are respectively a diagram showing a view in operation configuration of the present invention, a cross-section diagram showing a view of air flow passing through a guiding rib of the present invention, and a chart showing a view in a testing configuration of the present invention. As shown in the diagrams: while using the fan, an external power is provided to the fan (not shown), such that air flow will blow from the fan blade 3 of the fan as it rotates. When the fan blade 3 blows, the air flow will be in the direction toward the supporting part 2. For the time being, since the supporting part 2 is disposed on the inner end surface of the hole 11 of the frame body 1, the guiding ribs 22 are between the pivot 21 and the frame body 1 and the guiding rib 22 has an inclined plane 221 that gradually shrink from the end surface to the fan blade3. By means of the guiding ribs 22, the air flow is guided from the shrink end of the guiding ribs 22 to the inclined plane 221 of the guiding ribs 22 and then is exhaled. Furthermore, since the guiding ribs 22 are in a curved shape in response to a direction of air flow blown from the fan blade 3. Thus, the air flow blown from the fan blade 3 will shrink from the corresponding position of the fan blade 3. By the curved guiding ribs 22 in response to the direction of the air flow blown from the rotating fan blade 3, air pressure generated by the guiding ribs is reduced and the air flow blown from the fan blade is guided to further increase the air pressure output from the fan. As shown in Fig. 5, the cross section of the guiding rib 22 has two inclined flat surfaces located on opposing sides. As shown in Fig. 3 (and the cross section of Fig. 5) these two inclined flat surfaces have first ends spaced apart a first distance that is less than a second distance between second ends of the two inclined flat surfaces with the first ends of the two inclined flat surfaces being located between the fan blade and the second ends of the two inclined flat surfaces. In addition, as shown in Fig. 3, the first ends of the two inclined flat surfaces are closer to a center of the frame body than the second ends of the two inclined flat surfaces. Preferably, the guiding ribs 22 are integrally formed with the frame body 1, as shown in Fig. 4. More preferably, the plurality of guiding ribs are five guiding ribs radiating from the central pivot at equal intervals.